

# SUMMARY OF AUDIOMETRIC SCREENING For YOUR COMPANY NAME conducted on dd/mm/yyyy

Total employees tested:- 4

#### **Monitoring Report**

No Significant Change:- 1

Significant change:- <u>1</u> (Listed in Table One)

Threshold shift:- <u>2 (</u>Listed in Table Two)

#### **Reference Report**

Normal Hearing:- <u>1</u>

Exceed Hearing Conservation Criteria: <u>1</u> (Listed in Table One)

Other types of pathology:- <u>0</u> (Listed in Table Two)



#### **AUDIOMETRIC TEST RESULTS**

**MONITORING** 

**FOR** 

#### YOUR COMPANY NAME

**CONDUCTED ON** 

dd/mm/yyyy



#### **EMPLOYEE NOTIFICATION LETTERS**

Standard letters have been developed to explain in lay terms if there has been a significant / no significant change in Hearing Threshold Levels when compared to subject's Reference or most recent audiogram. These are explained as follows:

- **ML-6** No significant change detected at primarily 3000, 4000 or 6000Hz, in either ear or secondly 500 to 2000Hz.
- **ML-7** Significant change detected of ≥ 15dB at 3000, 4000 or 6000Hz in either ear which may be temporary or permanent and is suspected to be associated with noise exposure.
- **ML-7a** Change in ATS or MTS but below the ≥ 15dB significant level.
- **ML-7b** Change detected but is suspected to be as a result of new / tinnitus, neuroma, infection, disease or of unknown origin. Generally affecting a single frequency and related to one ear only.
- **ML-7c** Change of ≥ 15dB detected at low frequencies 500 to 2000Hz
  - Similar in nature to RL-3 requiring referral to own GP.
- **ML-8** Rarely used, but indicates a subsequent significant change of  $\geq$  15dB. The magnitude is in order of  $\geq$  30dB at frequencies 3000, 4000 or 6000Hz since reference test was conducted.



Tester: TREVOR PEDLER Audiometer: INTERACOUSTIC

Model: AD 226 Serial Number: 0932611 Calibration Date: 03.10.2016

#### **EMPLOYEE ATTENDANCE LIST and LETTER NUMBER**

SURNAME	NAME	SEX	LETTER
SAMPLE	Peter	М	ML - 6
SAMPLE	Fred	M	ML -7a



#### INTRODUCTION

Monitoring audiometric results have been assessed against criteria contained in the National Acoustic Laboratory publication "Criteria for Assessing <u>Hearing Conservation</u> Audiograms", NAL Report No. 80, September 1980.

The term "Hearing Threshold Level (HTL)", is a value expressed in decibels (dB) which is a measure of the minimum sound level that a person can detect at the frequencies stated in AS/NZS 1269.4: 2014 Occupational Noise Management. Hearing acuity is normally assessed at frequencies of 3 KHz, 4 KHz and 6 KHz for the purposes of monitoring audiometry and comparison is then made with the reference audiogram to detect any significant change that may have occurred.

There is however evidence to suggest that inner ear damage caused by noise exposure accumulates prior to the onset of threshold impairment.

To increase the effectiveness of audiometry for the ear by detection of noise-induced hearing loss an improved procedure for the conduct of monitoring audiometry and a revised assessment regime is applied to improve the early detection of either a temporary or permanent shift in a subject's hearing which may or may not be related to noise exposure.

The criteria used in assessing monitoring audiometric results can be defined as:-

- (a) significant change,
- (b) threshold shift conditions, and
- (c) no significant change

Table 1 details those employees whose results exceed the <u>Hearing Conservation</u> criteria for monitoring audiograms.

Table 2 details those employees whose results exceed threshold shifts laid out in AS/ZS 1269.4:2014 Paragraph 9.3 (a) to (e).

The remainder of the employees have been assessed as indicating no significant change and the continued use of hearing protection is strongly advised when exposed to noisy environments or designated work areas.



#### **CRITERIA 1**

#### **Significant Change**

HL SHIFT	FREQUENCY	AGE
≥ 15 dB	3, 4 or 6 KHz	Any

#### **Summary**

During the test period attempts to confirm transient conditions will be conducted and if such conditions - a cold, earache or recent noise exposure - exist, the person will be re-tested as soon as possible after remission of symptom(s).

If no such conditions exist the audiometric test will be repeated and results obtained.

#### **Action Required**

If at any frequency the results indicate a significant change from the corresponding hearing level of the Reference audiogram the following action is recommended:-

- 1. Advise the employee of the test result
- 2. Check the employee's noise history exposure since the last audiogram was taken
- 3. Check the suitability and condition of the employee's hearing protection device together with the technique of fitting and frequency of use
- 4. Take any corrective action that appears necessary in light of the foregoing checks.

#### **Medical Referral**

If any medical referral criteria, as laid down in the reference audiometric test result assessment, are exceeded, or if any change in hearing level since the most recent audiogram exceeds 20dB, and is of unknown cause, the employee should be referred for a complete audiological assessment.



# TABLE 1 MONITORING AUDIOMETRIC RESULTS

				# Left			# Right	
NAME	AGE	SEX	3	4	6	3	4	6
SAMPLE Fred	55	М	0	10	5	15	10	5



#### **CRITERIA 2**

#### **Threshold Shift**

	SHIFT/CHANGE	FREQUENCY	AGE
1.	ATS ≥5dB	3, 4 and 6 KHz	
2.	MTS ≥10dB	3 and 4 KHz	
3.	MTS ≥15dB	6 KHz	ANY
4.	TS ≥15dB	500Hz, 1, 1.5 or 2 KHz	
5.	TS ≥20dB	8 KHz	
6.	New Tinnitus		

ATS - Average Threshold Shift (Test/Retest results)

MTS - Mean Threshold Shift (Test/Retest results)

TS - Threshold Shift

#### **Action Required**

When temporary or permanent threshold shifts are revealed by audiometry or new tinnitus reported action shall be taken to inform the responsible manager to arrange to:

- 1. Review the test subject's job to identify any change that may have caused an increase in noise exposure.
- 2. Re-determine noise exposure if necessary.
- 3. Apply engineering and/or administrative controls to test subject's work area or situation if reasonably practicable.
- 4. Check suitability and condition of the employee's hearing protection device together with fitting technique and frequency of use.
- 5. Take any corrective action that appears necessary to deal with any problems.



#### TABLE 2

#### **THRESHOLD SHIFT RESULTS**

				9	TATU	S		
NAME	AGE	SEX	1	2	3	4	5	6
SAMPLE Fred	55	М	Х	X			X	
SAMPLE Peter	58	M					X	



#### **CONCLUSION**

To appreciate the significance of the assessed audiometric results the following factors should be kept in mind:-

- 1. Audiometric testing of employees is only a part of the range of administrative procedures that can be adopted to monitor the effectiveness of a Occupational Noise Management Program.
- 2. Continuing commitment towards occupational noise management implies:-
  - (a) progressive reduction of exposure to acceptable levels
  - (b) immediate action to eliminate sources of noise that may develop through inadequate maintenance of equipment or changed methods of operation
  - (c) a program of education, persuasion, and reassurance to achieve full participation by all concerned, and
  - (d) complete integration of noise reduction and hearing protection as part of a comprehensive Occupational Noise Management Program.



**NOISE MANAGEMENT** 

### AUDIOMETRIC TEST RESULTS

**REFERENCE** 

**FOR** 

#### YOUR COMPANY NAME

**CONDUCTED ON** 

dd/mm/yyyy



#### **EMPLOYEE NOTIFICATION LETTERS**

Standard letters have been developed to explain the test subjects hearing acuity on completion of Reference / Baseline test and these are explained as follows:

- **RL-1** Normal Hearing
- RL-2 Hearing Threshold levels (HTL) which indicate slight hearing loss at 4000Hz
- ≥ 25dB @ 4000Hz ≤ 30 Years
- ≥ 35dB @ 4000Hz ≤ 45 Years
- **RL-3** Abnormal low frequency hearing loss which may be related to a host of factors and may include:
- Wax impaction
- Outer or Middle ear Infection
- Sinus or Hayfever conditions
- Functioning of Eustachian tube
- Perforation of Tympanic membrane
- **RL-4** Hearing Thresholds Levels that indicate a moderate hearing loss in both low and high frequencies
- $\geq$  50dB @ 4000Hz Any age and associated low frequency results, commonly this type of loss is referred to a mixed loss and maybe uni or bilateral
- **RL-4b** Hearing Threshold Levels which indicate a moderate hearing loss in High frequencies only
- ≥ 50dB @ 4000Hz any age
- **RL-5** Hearing Threshold Levels which indicate, a severe hearing loss in both low and high frequencies and requires audiological assessment to determine forms of rehabilitation which may be appropriate for the person including surgery in some instances.



Tester: TREVOR PEDLER Audiometer: INTERACOUSTIC

Model: AD 226 Serial Number: 0932611 Calibration Date: 03.10.2016

#### **EMPLOYEE ATTENDANCE LIST and LETTER NUMBER**

SURNAME	NAME	SEX	LETTER
SAMPLE	Pam	F	RL - 1
SAMPLE	Steve	M	RL - 2



#### **INTRODUCTION**

Reference audiometric results have been assessed against criteria contained in the National Acoustic Laboratory publication 'Criteria for assessing <u>Hearing Conservation</u> Audiograms', NAL Report No 80, September, 1980.

Table 1 details those employees whose results exceed the <u>Hearing Conservation</u> criteria and Table 2 categorises those employees whose results indicate other types of pathology.

The remainder of the employees have been assessed to have hearing acuity that is deemed 'normal' for their age group and the continued use of hearing protection is strongly advised when exposed to noisy environments or designated work areas.

The term, 'Hearing Threshold Level (HTL)', is a value expressed in decibels (dB), which is a measure of the minimum sound level that a person can detect at the frequencies stated in AS/NZS 1269.4:2014 Occupational Noise Management. Hearing acuity is normally assessed at frequencies of 500 Hz, 1 KHz, 1.5 KHz, 2 KHz, 3 KHz, 4 KHz, 6 KHz and 8KHz.

The two distinct criteria used in assessing reference audiometric results can be defined as that which:-

- (a) highlight results that may be indicative of noise induced hearing impairment.
- (b) may be indicative of the possible presence of other types of pathology.



#### **CRITERIA 1**

#### **Occupational Noise Management**

Employees whose audiometric results meet any of the following parameters are deemed to be outside what is considered 'normal' hearing relative to their age.

HTL	FREQUENCY	AGE
≥ 25 dB	4,000 Hz	≤30 years
≥ 35 dB	4,000 Hz	≤45 Years
≥ 50 dB	4,000 Hz	Any

#### **Action Required**

The following action is recommended as consistent with an overall Occupational Noise Management policy:-

- 1. Advise the employee of the test result.
- 2. Check the employee's noise history exposure carefully to determine any change in work method, job location and duration.
- 3. Check suitability and condition of the employee's hearing protection device, technique of fitting and frequency of use.
- 4. Take any corrective action that appears necessary in light of the foregoing checks.
- 5. Retest in 12 months.



#### TABLE 1

## REFERENCE AUDIOMETRIC RESULTS ASSESSED CRITERIA 1

	RESULT	@ 4KHz		
NAME	AGE	SEX	LEFT	RIGHT
SAMPLE Steve	30	М	30	35



#### **CRITERIA 2**

#### **Abnormal Pathology**

This area has been classified into three (3) categories:-

- ASYMMETRICAL
- 2. REHABILITATION
- 3. ABNORMAL LOW FREQUENCY LEVELS

In certain cases employees may indicate all three conditions. However, delineation is warranted for differing medical referral grounds.

#### ASYMMETRICAL HEARING LEVELS

CONDITION	FREQUENCY	HEARING LEVEL
1	500Hz, 1KHz or 2KHz	≥ 25 dB
2	3KHz, 4KHz or 6KHz	≥ 35 dB

Note: For the quantity specified in dB, this means the absolute difference between the left and right ears.

#### **Action Required**

It is recommended that all employees whose results indicate Asymmetrical hearing levels be referred for a complete audiological assessment, especially if they are unaware of the condition.

#### **REHABILITATION**

FREQUENCIES	HEARING LEVEL (TOTAL)
500Hz, 1KHz and 2KHz	> 75 dB *

<sup>\*</sup> Both ears

#### **Action Required**

It is recommended that it would be advisable for employees who fall into this category to be referred for a complete audiological assessment. Such an assessment would indicate what form of rehabilitation would be required.



#### **ABNORMAL LOW FREQUENCY LEVELS**

CONDITION	FREQUENCY	HEARING LEVEL	AGE
1	500Hz, 1KHz or I.5KHz	> 25 dB*	Any
2	2KHz	≥ 30 dB	≤ 40 years
		≥ 35 dB	41-45 years
		≥ 40 dB	46-50 years
		≥ 45 dB	51-60 years
		≥ 50 dB	> 60 years

\* Note: Either Ear

#### **Action Required**

It is recommended that employees whose results indicate abnormal low frequency hearing levels be referred to a medical practitioner, as this type of hearing impairment is often indicative of middle ear pathology amenable to treatment.



#### TABLE 2

#### REFERENCE AUDIOMETRIC RESULTS

#### **ASSESSED CRITERIA 2**

NAME	AGE	SEX	ASYMMETRICAL	REHABILITATION	ABNORMAL
NIL					

#### **CONCLUSION**

To appreciate the significance of the assessed audiometric results the following factors should be kept in mind:-

- 1. Audiometric testing of employees is only a part of the range of administrative procedures that can be adopted to monitor the effectiveness of an Occupational Noise Management.
- 2. Continuing commitment towards hearing conservation implies:-
  - (a) Progressive reduction of exposure to acceptable levels
  - (b) Immediate action to eliminate sources of noise that may develop through inadequate maintenance of equipment or changed methods of operation
  - (c) A program of education, persuasion and reassurance to achieve full participation by all concerned
  - (d) Complete integration of noise reduction and hearing protection as part of a comprehensive Occupational Noise Management.

#### **Employee Report card**

#### Minus 3dB Pty Ltd

Fred SAN			DOI Tel:	B: 21/( :	ed: 28/02 Male	<u>2</u> /2017																				
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Australian Standards AS1269.4 (a) a shift in mean threshold at 3, 4 & 6 KHz >= 5dB (b) a shift in mean threshold at 3 & 4 KHz >= 10dB (c) a shift in mean thresholds at 6 KHz >= 15dB (d) a shift in threshold at 0.5, 1, 1.5 or 2 KHz >= 15dB (e) a shift in thresholds at 8 KHz >= 20dB (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (16,1) (f) (h)														2 and 2, 3 d 1, 3 d => 2	d 3kHz =: & 4kHz =: & 4kHz =:	> 25dB > 10dB r > 10dB, a	age adj.									
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#### YOUR COMPANY NAME 1 Your street **ADELAIDE**

Selection: Company: YOUR COMPANY NAME at 1 YOUR STREET

Minus 3dB Pty Ltd P.O. Box 47 Para Hills S.A. 5096 0417896042

SAMPLE		Dat		h: 21/07/ er: Male	1961 <b>A</b> ç	Age: 55 De							RATIC ELINE	_	/ANA	GER				E	Emp	•	ee ID: tatus:	Permanent - Quiet environ			
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SAMPLE	Steve			Dat		th: 03/05/ er: Male	1986 <b>Ag</b>	je: 30	: 30 Job: CONSTUCTION & MAINTENANCE Department: BASELINE													E	Employee ID: Status: Permanent - Noise exposed							
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SAMPLE	Peter			Dat		<b>th:</b> 15/06/ <b>er:</b> Male	•			De	epar				ORD T		E GAN	G					Em		ee ID: tatus:	Permanent - Noise exposed		
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SAMPLE	Pam			Dat	e of Birt Gende	ge: 37		Job: ADMIN Department:												E	•	yee ID: Status:	Permanent - Quie	et environ		
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Number printed: